Building Performance Advisory Group

Meeting 1: Setting the Context September 5, 2019











DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND ZONING SERVICES

Facilitator:

Mo Wright, RAMA Consulting

Agenda

- 1. Welcome and introductions
- 2. Columbus' history of energy efficiency
- 3. Importance of efficiency in buildings
- 4. Establishing the need for policy
- 5. Standardizing policy definitions
- 6. Current policy landscape
- 7. Looking ahead





Welcome and Introductions







Welcome

- Opening remarks
 - Tony Celebrezze, Assistant Director, Department of Building and Zoning Services





Advisory Group introductions

- Member introductions
 - Name
 - Organization
 - Aspirations for the group
 - Why you agreed to participate





Objectives for our time together

- Provide input on policy considerations for energy efficiency in large existing buildings
- Identify barriers and solutions to increasing energy efficiency
- Advise on implementation planning to achieve maximum potential
- Suggest resources and tools to support building owners





Ground rules

- Practice democracy of time
- Chatham house rule
 - "When a meeting, or part thereof, is held under the **Chatham** House Rule, participants are free to use the information received, but neither the identity nor the affiliation of the speaker(s), nor that of any other participant, may be revealed."
- Consider short and long term implications of policy options
- Deliberation must be positive and future-directed



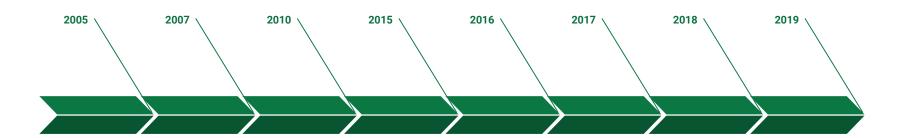
Columbus' History of Sustainability





SUSTAINABLE COLUMBÜS JOHN J. GRITTER, PAUGE

What we've done



Mayor Coleman **launches Get** Green **Columbus**

Mayor Coleman signs U.S. Mayors' Climate **Protection** Agreement **Columbus Green Fund** launched

Columbus Energy Challenge launched

Mayor Ginther signs **Compact of Mayors**

Mayor Ginther Columbus & City Council ioin Sustainable 2050

named Leadership City by **Bloomberg Philanthropies** Launch of American **Cities Climate** Challenge



American Cities Climate Challenge

Columbus was selected as 1 of 25 leadership cities to participate in a two-year acceleration program to tackle climate change & promote a sustainable future

LOWER ENERGY CONSUMPTION

through clean energy financing programs and benchmarking policies

Benchmarking:
Commercial/
Industrial/
Multifamily
buildings

Energy audits: **30,000 audits**

New clean energy financing: \$15M in new financing

Clean energy financing: Decreased energy burden Workforce development: 10 Energy Efficiency Specialists & 40 Community Energy Advocates

FROM TRANSPORTATION



with new mobility programs & improved public transit lines

Incentives for lowcarbon mobility: 100% large employers

New mobility options: 3,000 new bikes/vehicles

Increasing ridership: 5%

Parking management and pricing: 850 street segments



Our goals



reduction in municipal CO2 emissions by 2020



J 20%

reduction in city CO2 emissions by 2020

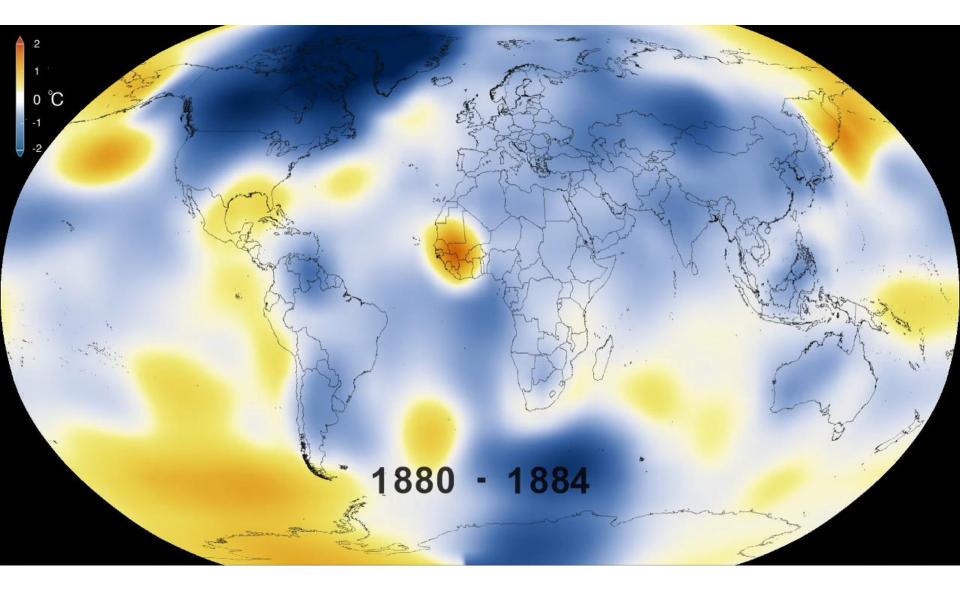


1 20%

reduction in per-capita energy consumption by 2020











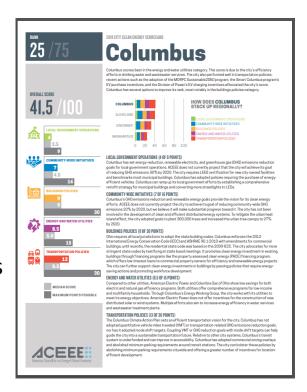
How are we doing?

Progress toward reduction goals

- Municipal operations:
 - Decrease of emissions by 14.6% from 2005
- City-wide operations:
 - Increase of emissions by 2.7% from 2013

ACEEE City Clean Energy Scorecard & Ranking

- #25 on 2019 ranking of cities (out of 75)
 - 9 of 30 points earned for buildings policies
 - 8.5 of 15 points earned for energy & water utilities





Importance of Efficiency in Buildings







Turning Point Instructions

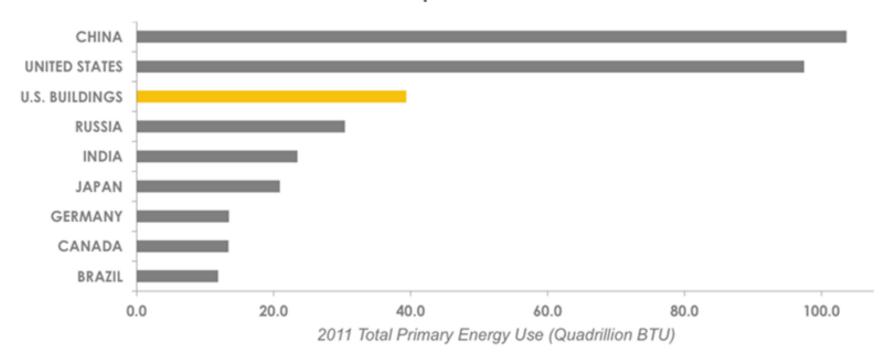
- Do NOT change the channel of your clicker
- To respond, press the button on the clicker that corresponds to the answer choice you believe is correct
- Polling results will be shown when the presenter ends the polling





Why buildings?

U.S. buildings use more energy than entire countries except China & the U.S.

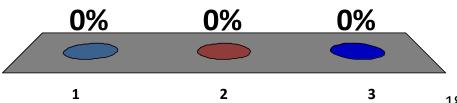






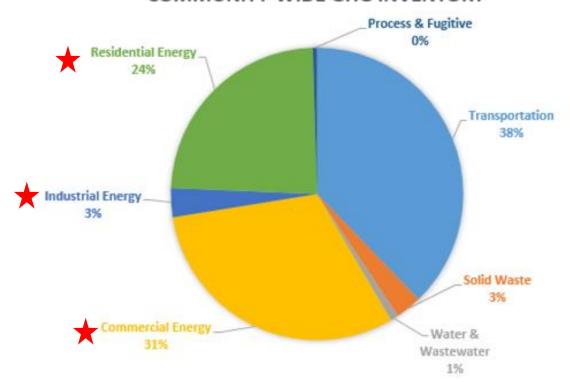
In Columbus, what percentage of emissions come from buildings?

- 1. 23%
- 2. 58%
- 3. 81%



Opportunity for Columbus

COMMUNITY-WIDE GHG INVENTORY



58% of our emissions come from buildings

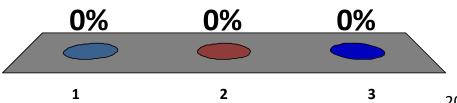
Source: City of Columbus 2018 GHG inventory



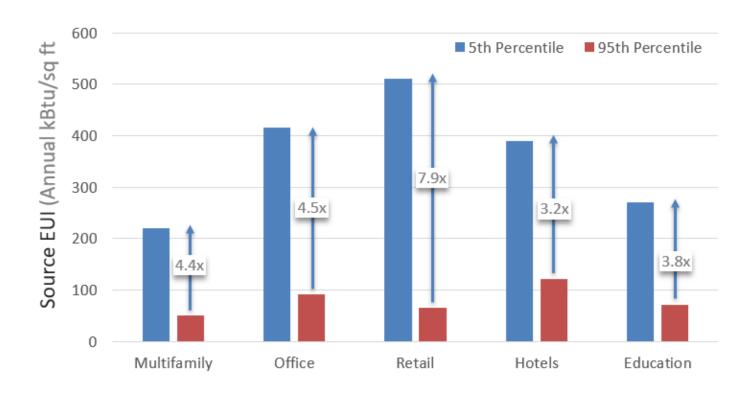


Poor performing buildings use _____ times more energy across all building types.

- 1. 2-3
- 2. 4-8
- 3. 10-12



Varying building efficiency



Poor performing buildings use **4 to 8 times more energy** than the best performing buildings. Poor performers represent an enormous energy savings opportunity.

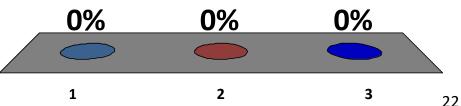
Results based on New York City's benchmarking data





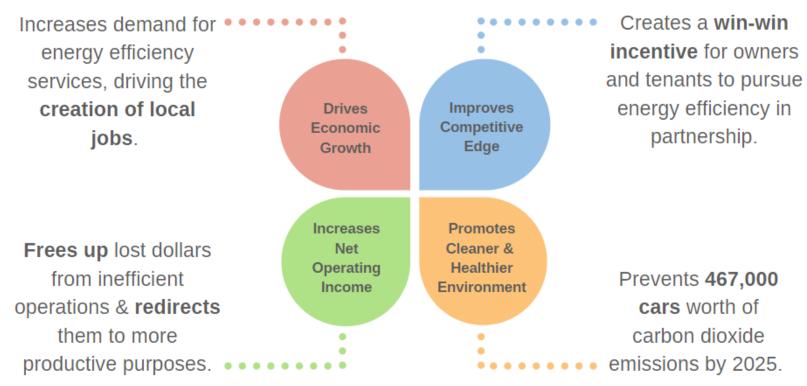
According to the U.S. EPA, how much energy consumed by buildings is wasted?

- 1. 15%
- 2. 30%
- 3. 45%



Energy waste and energy reduction

- Buildings waste 30% of the energy consumed¹
- Reducing energy consumption in buildings:



1. https://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/publications/pubdocs/C+I_brochure.pdf



Energy efficiency benefits & impacts

Investment in Energy and Water Conservation

Financial and Environmental Benefits

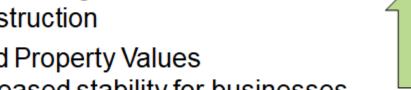
- reduce tenant costs, % of income spent on utility bills
- reducing operating costs for property owners
- reduce GHG emissions
- improve public health

Job Creation of local, high-skilled, permanent jobs

- energy service sector
- engineering
- construction

Increased Property Values

- increased stability for businesses
- creates a more attractive and competitive market

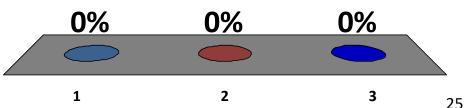






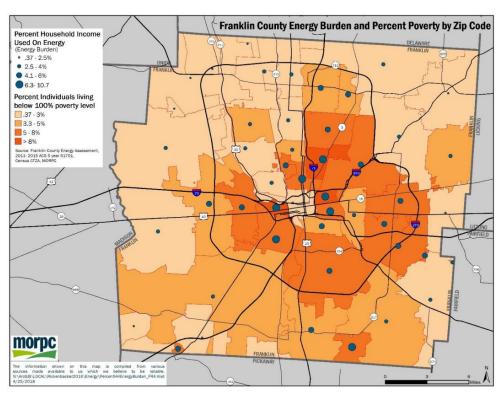
Nearly 21% of Columbus' population lives below the poverty line. How much of their income do you think they spend on utilities?

- 1. 3.5%
- 2. 7.4%
- 3. 11%



Intersection of equity & energy efficiency

- 20.8% of Columbus residents live below the poverty line¹
 - These residents spend up to 11% of their income on utility bills²
- Inclusion of multifamily buildings in energy efficiency policy, including affordable & low-income housing
- Reduce energy burden in opportunity neighborhoods



Source: MORPC's 2018 Franklin County Energy Study

^{2.} https://www.nrdc.org/stories/columbus-makes-its-historically-disadvantaged-neighborhoods-key-its-climate-future



^{1. &}lt;a href="https://datausa.io/profile/geo/columbus-oh/">https://datausa.io/profile/geo/columbus-oh/

BREAK



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Standardizing Policy Definitions





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Building performance policy definitions

What is benchmarking?

Measuring & tracking a building's energy & water use over time.

What is reporting?

 Submitting a building's energy & water use to the City annually.

What is transparency?

 Disclosing whole-building energy & water performance metrics to the market.

What is retuning or retrocommissioning?

 The process to identify & correct suboptimal performance of building equipment, lighting, & controls systems.



Building performance policy definitions continued

What are retrofits?

Replacement of outdated & inefficient equipment.

What are audits?

 The process of identifying & quantifying opportunities to improve a building's energy efficiency.

What is energy & water data verification?

 Confirmation of energy, water, & other benchmarking data to ensure it is being tracked & reported correctly.

What are performance standards?

 Minimum efficiency thresholds a building must meet.





Establishing the Need for Policy





AND ZONING SERVICES



The market needs motivation

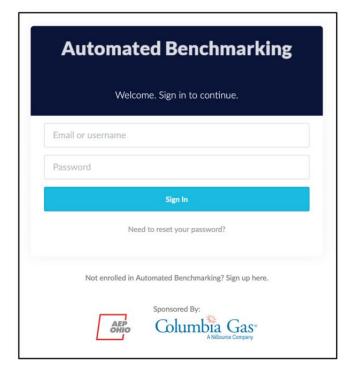
- Our current landscape poses many barriers to energy efficiency:
 - Access to reliable to whole-building utility data
 - Lack of market awareness of building performance
 - Access to financing methods
- Policy is necessary for action from the entire building population



Access to reliable, whole-building data

- Utilities assist building owners & operators by providing whole-building energy data
- Provides business customers with 36 months of historical data
- Aggregated, anonymous data provided with 5+ tenants









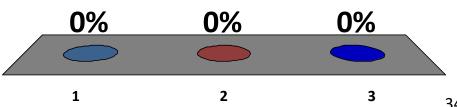




How many calories is in this bean burrito?

- 1. 190 calories
- 2. 360 calories
- 3. 880 calories

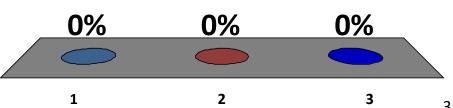




What is the city miles per gallon for this car?

- 1. 25 MPG
- 2. 45 MPG
- 3. 60 MPG

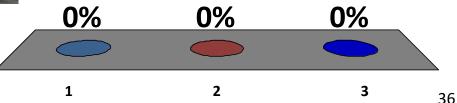




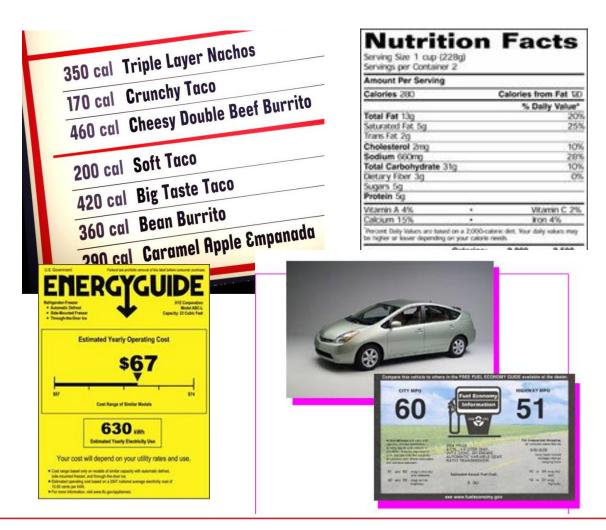
What is the ENERGY STAR score of this building?

- 1. 62
- 2. 87
- 3. 91





Market transformation through transparency



	RGY STAR [®] State ormance	ement of Energy	
87 ENERGY STAR® Score ¹	DPU_ElectricalEng Primary Property Type: N Gross Floor Area (ft*): 72, Built: 1958 For Year Ending: May 31, 20 Date Generated: August 23,	on-Refrigerated Warehouse	
The ENERGY STAR score is a 1-101 climate and business activity. Property & Contact Information		iency as compared with similar buildings natio	nwide, adjusting for
Property Address DPU_ElectricalEng_3500 3500 Indianola Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43214 Property ID: 1948875	Property Owner	Primary Contact	
Energy Consumption and E	nergy Use Intensity (EUI)		
	KBtu) 1,836,415 (78%) Na d (kBtu) 522,082 (22%) Na % An Gr	tional Median Comparison atlonal Median Site EUI (kBtu/ft²) atlonal Median Source EUI (kBtu/ft²) Diff from National Median Source EUI nual Emissions eenhouse Gas Emissions (Metric Tons D2e/vear)	72.9 104.7 -55% 184
Signature & Stamp of V	erifying Professional		
I (Name)	verify that the above information is to	rue and correct to the best of my knowled	ge.
Signature: Licensed Professional	Date:	Professional Engineer Stamp (# applicable)	

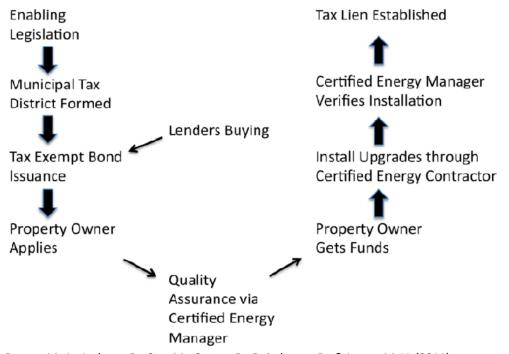




Access to financing methods

BENEFITS OF PACE

Property Assessed Clean Energy Financing (C-PACE)



Source: Brown, M. A., Jackson, R., Cox, M., Cortes, R., Deitchman, B., & Lapsa, M. V. (2011). *Making Industry Part of the Climate Solution: Policy Options to Promote Energy Efficiency.*



Source: PACENation



A virtuous cycle







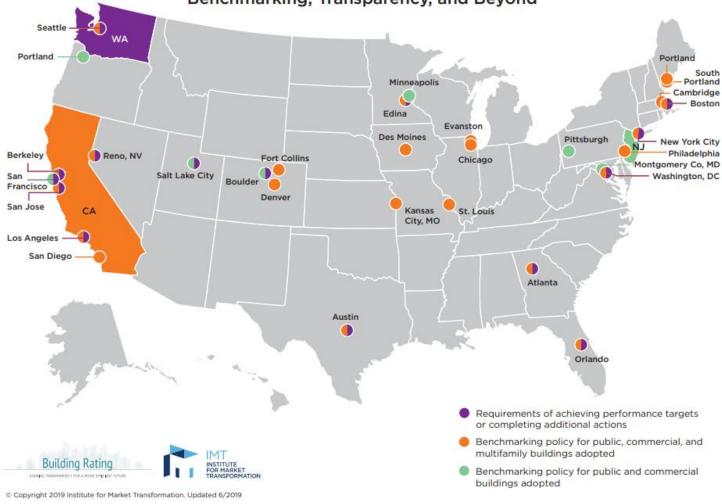
Current Policy Landscape







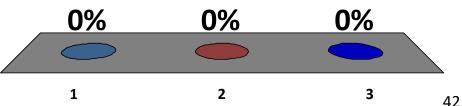
U.S. City, County, and State Policies for Existing Buildings: Benchmarking, Transparency, and Beyond





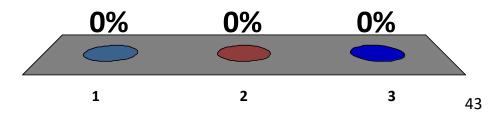
How many buildings will existing policies impact?

- 1. 79,700
- 2. 84,300
- 3. 91,800



What is the total floor space impacted by policies?

- 1. 6 billion square feet
- 2. 11 billion square feet
- 3. 20 billion square feet



Early adopters & proven energy savings

Legislation	Policy Impact		Buildings Included	Compliance		
Jurisdiction	Number of Bldgs	Square Footage	Energy Savings	Types & Sizes	By # of Buildings	By % of Sq. Ft.
Chicago	3,500	900 million	10 % (2010-15)	Comm≥50K MF≥50K	84 % (2014)	92 % (2014)
District of Columbia	2,000	357 million	9 % (2010-13)	Comm≥50K MF≥50K	83 % (2013)	-
New York City	33,417	2.8 billion	6-14 % (2010-14)	Comm & MF ≥ 50K <i>Comm & MF ≥ 25K</i>	84 % (2012)	84 % (2012)
San Francisco	2,312	203 million	7.9 % (2010-14)	Comm ≥ 10K	-	82 % (2013)
Seattle	3,250	281 million	2.7 % (2014-15)	Comm & MF ≥ 20K	99.2 % (2013)	99.4 % (2013)





Trends & best practices from other cities

Energy and Water Benchmarking Reporting and Transparency **Building Energy and Water Audits** Retuning or Retrocomissioning **Targeted Retrofits Green Leasing and Sub-metering** Alignment with Utility Programs





Improvement through ambitious policy

Action:

- Passed building performance policy requiring:
 - Annual benchmarking & reporting
 - Annual data disclosure & market transparency
 - Periodic audits and/or retrocomissioning action for low-performing buildings











Results:

- Orlando, Florida
 - Improved ACEEE ranking from #30 to #15 (2015 to 2019)
 - Increased 'buildings policies' points from 4 to 14 (out of 30)
- San Jose, California
 - Improved ACEEE ranking from #16 to #11 (2015 to 2019)
 - Increased 'buildings policies' points from 10 to 23 (out of 30)





Small Group Discussion

 Based on what you've heard other cities are doing, is there anything that you find interesting or would like to see us consider in developing our policy?

Group report outs



Looking Ahead

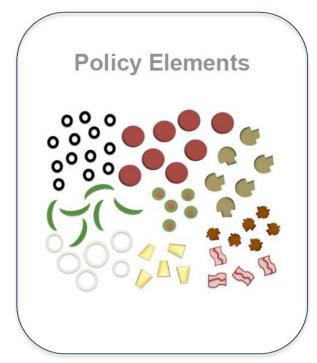




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Next month... assembling our policy pizza!







Upcoming meeting schedule

- September 5, 2019 *Setting the Context*
- October 8, 2019 Building Performance Policy Design Part I
- November 12, 2019 Building Performance Policy Design Part II
- December 10, 2019 *Confirming Advisory Group Recommendations*
- January 14, 2020 Policy Implementation

All meetings held from **9am-11am** at the Coleman Government Center, 111 N. Front Street, 2nd Floor Hearing Room. Calendar invite meeting holds forthcoming.





For More Information:

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