Building Performance Advisory Group

Meeting 2: Policy Design Part I
October 8, 2019







Agenda

- 1. Welcome and introductions
- 2. Recap of meeting 1 & current progress
- 3. Benchmarking policy elements
- 4. Peer city benchmarking policies
- 5. Compliance made easy
- 6. Peer sharing
- 7. Discussion on policy direction
- 8. Looking ahead





Recap from meeting 1: Setting the Context

- History of sustainability & energy efficiency in Columbus
- Importance of energy efficiency in buildings
- Establishing the need for policy
- U.S policy landscape overview
- Open discussion: concerns about transparency





Benchmarking Policy Elements







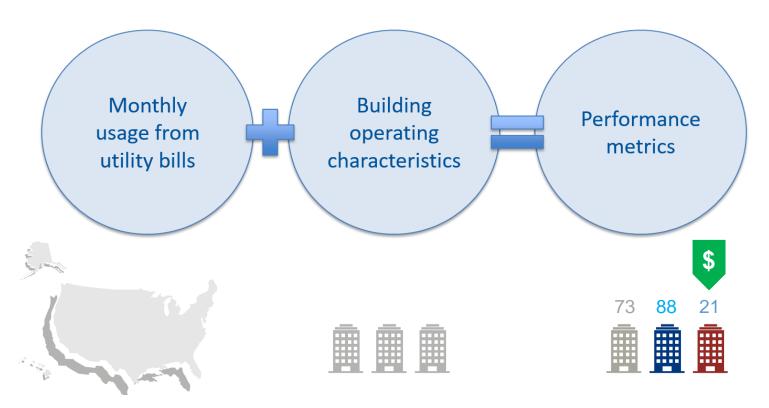
Elements of a benchmarking policy







Benchmarking process



Compare your building to a **national sample** of similar buildings

Compare your buildings of a similar type to **each other**

in your portfolio & set priorities for staff time & investment capital





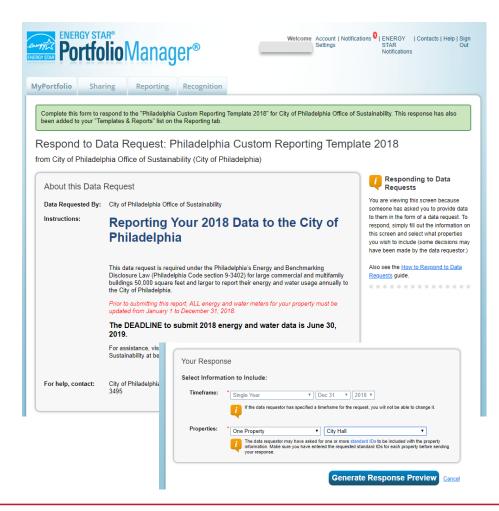
Reporting process

- Submitting building benchmarking data to the City via ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager data request
- Icon/URL on City's website:

Report Your Data

Have you have completed all of the necessary steps to benchmark your building and are ready to submit your data to comply with the ordinance?

Send benchmarking submission

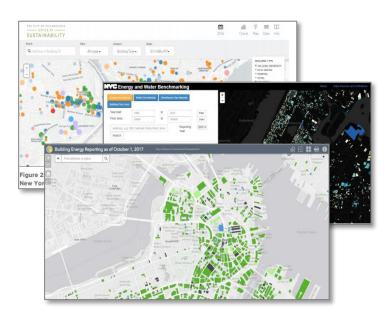






Data transparency

Visualizations



Visualizations for the Cities of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston (top to bottom)

Scorecards



City of Seattle



City of Philadelphia



Infographics

City of Chicago





Peer City Benchmarking Policies





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Benchmarking policies in Columbus' peer cities

City	Building Types & Sizes	Total # of Buildings	Total Square Footage	Additional Requirements
Chicago	Commercial > 50k Multifamily > 50k	3,500	900 million	Data verification by licensed professional 1st year & every 3 years
Denver	Commercial > 25k Multifamily > 25k	3,000	360 million	N/A
Minneapolis	Commercial > 50k Multifamily > 50k	625	110 million	Energy evaluation for all covered buildings once every five years
Orlando	Commercial > 50k Multifamily > 50k	826	126 million	Energy audit or RCx every 5 years if ENERGY STAR score < 50; benchmarking by qualified benchmarker
Reno	Commercial > 30k Multifamily > 30k	500	25 million	Energy audit, RCx, or LEED certification if ENERGY STAR score < 50 or EUI < regional median
San Jose	Commercial > 20k Multifamily > 20k	2,500	250 million	Energy audit, RCx, or improvement measure if below performance threshold (ES score or low EUI)





Chicago energy benchmarking policy approach

Benchmarking:

Commercial & multifamily buildings
 > 50,000 square feet

Data verification:

 First year & every third year, data verification required by professional engineer, licensed architect, or other professional designated by Commissioner

Reporting & transparency:

- Annual reporting to the City
- Building-level data publicly shared starting 2nd year

Energy rating system:

 Building-level placards reporting energy use to be publicly posted





Demonstrated success - Chicago THE CITY OF CHICAGO REDUCED CARBON EMISSIONS BY. 7% FROM 2010 TO 2015 2.5 III I INCREASE IN POPULATION AND REDUCTION IN GHG INCREASE IN REGION'S ECONOMY **EMISSIONS**







Denver energy benchmarking policy approach

Benchmarking:

Commercial & multifamily buildings > 25,000 square feet

Reporting & transparency:

- Annual reporting to the City
- Building-level data publicly disclosed annually



Demonstrated success - Denver









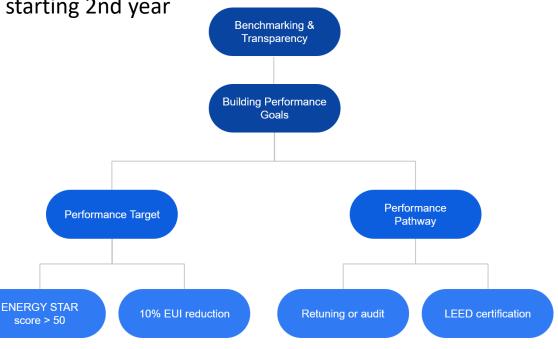
Reno energy & water efficiency policy approach

Benchmarking, reporting, & transparency:

- Commercial & multifamily > 30,000 sf
- Annual reporting to the City
- Building-level data publicly shared starting 2nd year

Additional requirements:

- Buildings must meet
 performance goals via
 performance target or pathway
 once every seven years
- First reporting date for performance goals due eight years after first benchmarking reporting year





Compliance Made Easy







Benchmarking compliance process







Step 1: collect data

Collect **Data**

1. Property information

- Primary useName & building addressGross floor area
- Year built

2. Property use details - Operating hours

- # of workers
- # of computers
- Other details based on building type

3. Utility bills

- One current utility bill for each energy & water meter serving the building

Data Required for All Properties	
Property Name	
Property Address	
Total Gross Floor Area of Property	Sq. Ft./Sq. M.
Irrigated Area	Sq. Ft./Sq. M./ Acres
Year Built/Planned for Construction Completion	
Occupancy	, %
Number of Buildings	

Data Collected for Office U	ses
The following information is re-	quired to get an ENERGY STAR Score (if eligible):
Gross Floor Area	
Weekly Operating Hours	
Number of Workers on Main Shift	
Number of Computers	
Percent That Can Be Cooled	
	tional and not used to calculate a score; it may inform future analysis and may help you manage and compare your properties:
Percent That Can Be Heated	





Step 2: input data



- 1. Via Automated Benchmarking
- 2. Via Direct Entry in Portfolio Manager

Establishing an Account on Benchmarking. Energy

This process is intended for customers who do not have an account on Benchmarking. Energy and do not have existing ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager® accounts.

1. Navigate to https://www.benchmarking.energy/ and click on the "Get Started" button.

AUTOMATED BENCHMARKING

Sponsored by AEP Ohio & Columbia Gas







Sign up below, or visit the Sponsor program pages for details.

Get Started

Welcome	to	Portfolio	Manager
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Helping you track and improve energy efficiency across your entire portfolio of properties.

Username: * | Password: *

I forgot my password.

I forgot my username

Sign In

Create a New Account



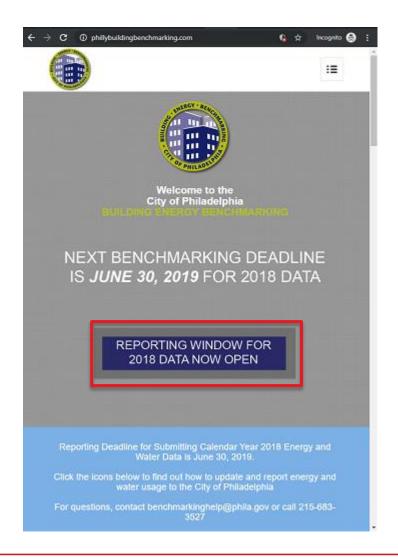


Step 3: report to City



ONCE PER YEAR

- 1. Confirm that benchmarking data is complete and accurate for the previous calendar year.
- 2. Submit a benchmarking report through Portfolio Manager via a unique URL posted on the City's website annually.







Benchmarking compliance process

Collect Data 2 Input Data

3 Report To City

1. Property information

- Primary use
- Name & building address
- Gross floor area
- Year built

2. Property use details

- Operating hours
- # of workers
- # of computers
- Other details based on building type

3. Utility bills

 One current utility bill for each energy & water meter serving the building

- 1. Via Automated Benchmarking
- 2. Via Direct Entry in Portfolio Manager

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High Level Overview: Benchmarking Process





Metrics Calculator



Energy use
Source, site,
weather
normalized,
demand



Water use
Water use
intensity,
Water Score
(Multifamily)



Waste &
Materials
Waste
intensity,
diversion rate



1-100 ENERGY STAR score



GHG emissions Indirect, direct, total, avoided





Comparable Metrics

1—100 ENERGY STAR Score

Score of 50 represents national median

Eligible property types:

 Office buildings, multifamily housing, hospitals, hotels, supermarkets, retail stores, worship facilities, senior care facilities, bank branches, & more

Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

EUI is the energy used per square foot

National median site EUI:

- Office = 52.9 kBtu/ft2
- Hospital = 234.3 kBtu/ft2
- Strip mall = 103.5 kBtu/ft2





Peer Sharing





SUSTAINABLE COLUMBÜS MARINE A BISTAIN, MARINE

Huntington

Rebecca Karason, Director of Energy & Sustainability





Discussion on Policy Direction

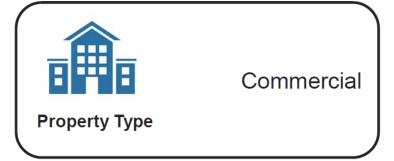




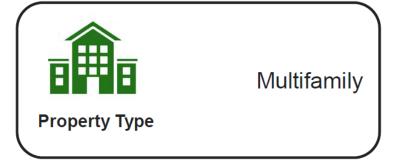
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Policy variable: building type









Policy variable: building size









Buildings in Columbus

Building Size	# of Buildings	Total Square Footage	Percent of Building Stock by #	Percent of Building Stock by Square Footage
10k & up	8,088	419,085,189	38%	88%
25k & up	4,015	355,200,819	19%	74%
50k & up	2,122	288,371,336	10%	60%
All buildings	21,452	478,341,346	100%	100%

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office





Compared by square footage

City	Total # of Buildings	Total Square Footage
New York City	33,000	2.8 billion
Chicago	3,500	900 million
Los Angeles	14,000	900 million
Atlanta	2,900	402 million
Kansas City	1,500	400 million
Philadelphia	2,900	390 million
Denver	3,000	360 million
Washington DC	2,000	357 million
Columbus	4,015	355 million
Seattle	3,300	323 million
Columbus	2,122	288 million
Boston	1,600	250 million
San Jose	2,500	250 million
San Francisco	2,300	203 million
Fort Collins	2,250	47 million

Compared by # of buildings

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Columbus	2,122	288 million
Washington DC	2,000	357 million
Boston	1,600	250 million
Kansas City	1,500	400 million



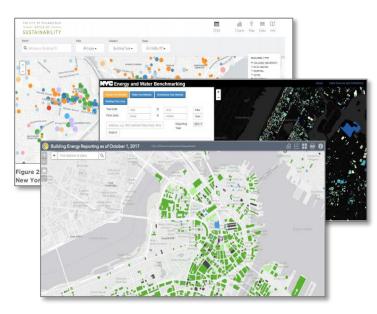
Policy variable: data transparency metrics

Data Field	How Data are Used
Property Name, Address, Size	 Allows for geographic comparison across streets, neighborhoods, and zip codes Understand energy consumption within various geographic constraints
ENERGY STAR Score	 Normalizes for climate and operational characteristics Allows performance of buildings to be compared in a standardized way
Site EUI or Source EUI (kBtu/sq. ft.)	 Allows for energy use to be compared normalizing for the size of the building
Weather Normalized Site or Source EUI (kBtu/sq. ft)	 Normalizes against the energy use the property would have consumed during 30-year average weather conditions
Total GHG Emissions (mt CO ₂ e) or Total GHG Emissions Intensity (kg CO ₂ e/sq. ft.)	 Allows for the relative GHG emissions impact of a building's operation to be compared with other buildings



Policy variable: data transparency visuals

Visualizations

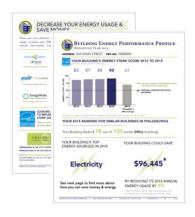


Visualizations for the Cities of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston (top to bottom)

Scorecards



City of Seattle



City of Philadelphia



Infographics

City of Chicago





Looking Ahead





DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND ZONING SERVICES



Next month...

- Continuation of policy discussion including:
 - Rules for exemptions
 - Schedule for initial compliance
 - Schedule for transparency
 - Supporting programs





Upcoming meeting schedule

- September 5, 2019 Setting the Context
- October 8, 2019 Building Performance Policy Design Part I
- November 12, 2019 Building Performance Policy Design Part II
- December 10, 2019 **Confirming Advisory Group Recommendations**
- January 14, 2020 Policy Implementation

All meetings held from **9am-11am** at the Coleman Government Center, 111 N. Front Street, 2nd Floor Hearing Room.





For More Information:

Visit us online at columbus.gov/sustainable/benchmarking Email us at benchmarking@columbus.gov

Jenna Tipaldi, jetipaldi@columbus.gov Tony Celebrezze, ajcelebrezze@columbus.gov Alana Shockey, arshockey@columbus.gov





The End



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