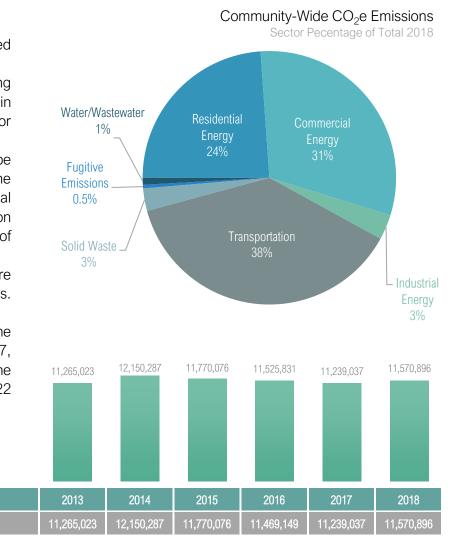
CITY OF COLUMBUS

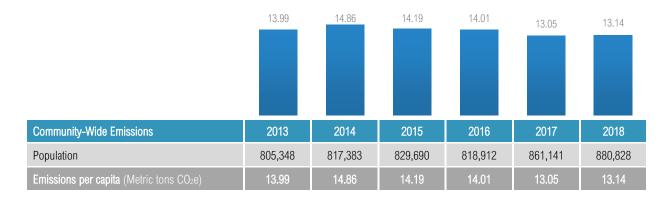
Key Community Takeaways

- Community-wide, emissions increased 3%, while population only increased 2%.
- Emissions per capita, although having increased from 2017, are 6% lower than in 2013, and 5% lower than the average for 2013-2018.
- The transportation sector continues to be the largest contributor of emissions in the City, and is growing in its proportion to total emissions. Emissions from transportation sector grew at nearly four times the rate of population growth in Columbus.
- The commercial and industrial sectors are experiencing continued downward trends. (See Figures 20 and 21 in report)
- Although the emissions from the residential sector increased from 2017, residential emissions per capita is the second lowest since 2013. (See Figure 22 in report)

Community-Wide Emissions

Total Emissions (Metric tons CO2e)









CITY OF COLUMBUS GREENHOUSE GAS INVE

Key Government Operations Takeaways

- Within government operations, emissions increased 5% from 2017, although this represents a 15% decrease from the benchmark year of 2005.
- Emissions per capita for government operations, although higher than 2017, are 28% lower than the benchmark year of 2005.
- All government operation sectors saw increases in emissions over 2017.
- Water and Wastewater Facilities emissions increased 8% over 2017, accounting for over 41% of emissions increases in 2018. (See Page 8 of report for details)
- Fleet Vehicles and Street Light sectors, although higher than last year, are both continuing their downward trends.
- Building and Facilities increased 6% over 2017. (See Figure 9 in report)

Population

Emissions per capita (Metric tons CO2e)

Government Operations CO₂e Emissions

Sector Percentage of Total 2018

